PROJECT 10073 RECORD CARD

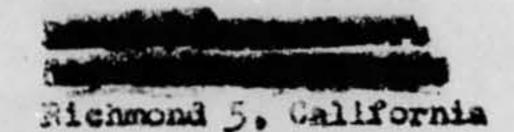
1. Dagember 1958 3. DATE-TIME GROUP Local 1830 DST GMT 15/0005Z 5. PHOTOS D Yes D No	2. LOCATION Borkeley, California 4. TYPE OF OBSERVATION Condend Of Cound-Roder California Ground-Roder Air Visual Dair-Intercept Roder 6. SOURCE Civilian			CONCLUSIONS Was Balloon Probably Balloon Possibly Balloon Was Aircraft Probably Aircraft Possibly Aircraft Possibly Aircraft Probably Astronomical Probably Astronomical Possibly Astronomical
7. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION 10 minutes	8. NUMBER OF OBJECTS FOUR	Stationary 11. COMMENTS	000	Insufficient Data for Evaluation Unknown
One large obj revolved as a disc, color of Venus, w/three smaller objs obove & a streak below.		Check revealed that a balloon is released daily at Metropolitan Cakland International Alrport, 1600 hours. Prevailing winds at the time would have carried balloon on approx course of sighting.		

ATIC FORM 329 (REV 26 SEP 52)

14/Dec 53

10 February 1959

AFCIN-AEA



Dear Dr.

The Air Force appreciates your prompt answer supplying the additional information requested on your sighting of 14 December 1958.

Your suggestion that what you saw was the Thor IRBM was given prompt consideration, but ruled out because the firing took place on 16 December 1958.

Contact was made with the various weather stations to determine the weather at the time of your sighting and balloon launching schedules. A rawinsonde is released daily at 1500 hours from the Metropolitan Oakland International Airport. The prevailing winds on 14 December 1953, at the time of your sighting would have drifted a balloon, released at this airport, to a position corresponding to that of your UFO.

These bellooms attain diameters of greater than 30 feet at altitude and have a relatively high albedo. This fact is substantiated by your observation that the object was brighter than Venus, which has an apparent magnitude of -4.3 at its brightest. These bellooms are also aguipped with radar reflectors which could possibly account for the smaller objects.

Approximating the distance, from the balloon track and time of flight, as seven miles, the balloon would subteni an angle on the order of seven mile through your binoculars.

The balloon's velocity relative to your position was mostly radial. consequently the apparent motionlessness of this object.

Your original data sheets are inclosed per your request.

dincerely.

2 Incla: Data Sheets CC to Maj Tacker, SAFIS-3 H. K. CILBERT
Colonel. Bill
Deputy for Sciences
and Components

0185

ECR 15 11 1 7 7

RICHMOND 5, CALIFORNIA -

Degember 23, 1958

Department of the Air Force Director of Intelligence Pentagon Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Attached herewith is a report on an unidentified space object seen by me Sunday afternoon, December 14, 1958.

I forward to you for transmission to the proper agency con-

If possible I would appreciate an answer to satisfy my curiosity. Naturally, I do not wish for any classified information.

Yours truly,

Attachments 1

- RICHMOND 5, CALIFORNIA -

December 23, 1950

REPORT OF UNIDENTERIED SPACE CONTEUTS

LOCATION: Seen from Berkeley, California, approximately 122° 16'W 37° 50'N. Elevation 300 ft. USL. Objects had approximate altitude measured by bubble sextant 35°. Magnetic bearing in Asimuth approximately 135° from observers location above.

DESCRIPTION:

Three and satellite? algest 7 x 35 pain object resolved is a disc a disc more yellowethen other objects.

(a). Date: Sunday, December 14, 1958, approximate Pacific Standard Time 1630.

(b). With maked eye a single object with color index approximately that of Venus. Object visualized in daylight. Sun had not set. Approximate maked eye magnitude -3. Using 7x35 binoculars, a definite disc barely resolvable as such with three smaller objects above and a single streak below. See diagram above for the binocular field of view. I would judge the smaller objects above of magnitude third or fourth and the streak also of the same order of magnitude.

(c). Objects apparently stationary in Right Ascension and Declination. There may or may not have been radictivelocity but I was holding the binoculars on my knees and hence would be unable to discern motions of this kind.

COMDITIONS UNDER MICH OBSERVED:

Dakland redio reported scattered thin overeast at 25,000 on the 1615 PSP broadcast (CAA Aeronautical Radio). Baromoter 30.02. I watched these objects through binoculars for at least 60 seconds continuously and then intermittently about 5 minutes from the first sighting. The thin overcast had drifted across the area and the magnitude and visibility decreased until all I could see was a single point currou of light. Overcast continued

- RICHMOND 5, CALIFORNIA

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heavier and obscured even this point source. By the time the overcast had drifted across the area, which time approximated ten minutes, I could see no trace of anything in the location described either with maked eye or binoculars. Visibility unrestricted, horizontally as well as in height. Sun had in the meantime definitely set but the night sky was still illuminated. Time of sunset approximately 1653 PST which would make my time of sunset 1703 PST. Hence I am certain objects were in the sky prior to sunset. Moon was in the first quarter December 17, 2352 get. Moon was in Aquarius. I searched but did not see any contrails or any aircraft. I searched for but did not see Mars which at that time was rising, in the East. About one hour later in the same RL and Dec. in darkness naked age showed only a single star which I thought was either Alpha or Beta Aquarius. Venus was between the moon and sun close to the sun. Jupiter was in front of the sun and 'ad already set. Object was not Juriter as I have never been able to resolve Jupiter's disc with these binoculars. Also the smaller objects were not in the line of Jupiter's equator as shown by my diagram. The three small objects were much brighter than Jupiter's moon. The Lunar bearing at the time of sighting was approximately 1950 magnitude. Its altitude was approximately 390 and was south of the equator. Altitudes were measured with bubble sextent at a later date. Bearings were measured by a magnetic compass at a later date, hence cheapproximations. The bearing of the objects would place it over Oakland Airport and the bearing continued would alosely approximate that of Lompoc from my location.

POSSIBLE IDENTIFIES AND COMMENTS:

(a). Lunar probe losing a stage. This was my first impression but

no shots to my knowledge have been reported from Lompoc to date. (b). Weather balloon at great height with small satellite balloons raising some device. This is possible, but it disappeared while

it should have continued to be illuminated by daylight. (c). Large aircraft with smaller ones in formation at great distance and height. This is possible, however, I am an experienced observer and not subject to hallucinations. I am a licensed pilot and a Reserve Flight Surgeon. My wife confirms the sighting but she had no binoculars and it was quite visible to the naked eye. Also there was no perceptible motion during the observing period.

(d). A supernova. This is not possible as the time interval to dis-

appear was boo short for a flare ster of this type.

(a). Meteor of the fire ball type. This is not likely because the duration was too long and in addition, no motion of the disc or the other objects was observed.

(f). Flying Saucer. I have need a lot of miscelluneous hogash data

on those and I am still skeptical for thoir existance.

RICHMOND 5. CALIFORNIA -

Page 3.

(g). "Ghosts" due to lens reflection in the binoculars. I am aware of these being a possibility and I ruled these out.

(h). Other explanations. You take it from here. I saw what I described and never saw anything like it before. I checked the 4 to 12 mg band at 1700 but there was no QSB. All the usual signals including MAV at 10 mc loud and clear and steady.

I certify that to the hest of my ability I have represented the facts. I trust this information will be of assistance to whatever bureau may be concerned with items such as this.

Yours truly,



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TO COMDR ATIC

BT

(UNCLASSIFIED) 280ID 567. ATTN - AFCIN4E4.

MSGT GREER, THIS HO; SUBJECT - UFO SSE OF BERKELEY, CALIF. AT

141630 DEC 1958. A WEATHER BALLOON IS RELEASED AT 1600 MBS DAILY FROM
METROPOLITAN CAKLAND INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, A DISTANCE OF TWELVE
MILES FROM BERKELEY. PREVAILING WESTERLY WINDS IN THIS APEA
WOULD CARRY THE OBJECT ON THE APPROXIMATE COURSE WHEPE THE UFO
WAS SIGHTED. NO ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA WAS REPORTED TO THIS HO
ON THE FOREMENTIONED DAE. IN CONSIDERATION OF HE TIME SECUENCE
OF REPORTED SIGHTING, THE DIRECTORATE OF INTELLIGENCE, THIS HO.

EVALUATES THE REPORT AS A WEATHER BALLOON LAUNCHED AT METROPOLITAN
OAKLAND INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT.

BT

20/0036Z JAN RJWZSB

MNNN

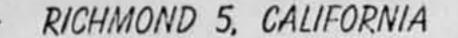
4. Were you able to estimate the angle subtended by the object when viewed through your binoculars?

Please forward your reply direct to the Commander, Air Technical Intelligence Center, Attention: AFCIN-4E4, Wright-Fatterson Air Force Base, Ohio.

Sincerely,

LAWRENCE J. TACKER
Major, USAF
Executive Officer
Public Information Division
Office of Information Services

Dr. R.
Richmond 5, California



January 26, 1959

Commander Air Technical Intelligence Center Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio

Attention: AFCIN-4E4

Dear Sir:

Referring to attached letter, also please refer to Aviation Week issue December 22, 1958, page 24, which reached me after my letter dated December 23, 1958.

If the Thor firing from Vandenburg was on Sunday, December 14, 1958, and if it were delayed more than "scheduled at about noon but did not come off until about three and a half hours later", we can button this up.

If it were not the Thor firing, it was something else and I answer your queries:

- 1. Magnitude comparison made as follows. I have always had to search to find Venus in daylight at greatest brilliancy. This primary object was so visible it caught my eye immediately as well as my wife, without my having to point out its direction. I used Venus in daylight at greatest brilliancy as the base for determining the magnitude.
- 2. I thought at first it was reflected light but after reading the Aviation Week report I note a reference to a "white hot exhaust".
- 3. Color was that of Venus, streak more yellowish. At present time (6 weeks after) I would guess streak color about that of Arcturus. No pulsations, no shock diamonds, no flickering. There was a steady fade, however, but also a steady increase in high thin overcast as I stated.
- 4. Unable estimate angle subtended -- too small and too unsteady through binoculars. If necessary I can amend this statement by setting up a transit and getting an idea using the Radome on Tamalpais, and interpolating into the binocular field. Let me know if you wish me to do this.

FURTHER COMMENTS

If I accept the Aviation Week statement then how do I reconcile the Thor firing stated azimuth of 251 degrees? Take my estimate of 135 magnetic, add variation and give me 20 degrees of error and I get an answer of less than 180° true from Berkeley half a mile west from Claremont Hotel.



RICHMOND 5, CALIFORNIA

Page 2.

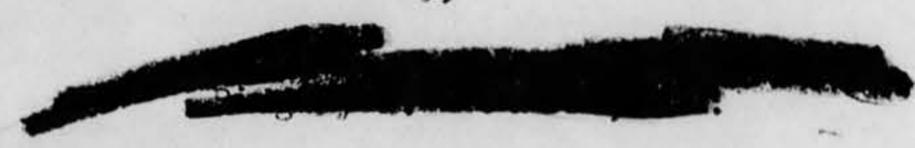
This sighting I made was definitely east of my meridian. I must assume that you have distorted the Thor firing azimuth prior to publication.

Aviation Week mentions two verniers. I must have seen three small objects or I wouldn't have described three. I attach my original data sheets which were, of course, paraphrased for style and grammar to make my report.

If you can, without violating security, let me know if both I and my wife doped off together. We are both pilots and had neither been drinking or in any way not in full command of our senses and naturally we're curious.

Please return my original data pages after you are finished with them. Thanks.

Yours truly,



Encl: 2